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Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
US Patent and Trademarks Office  
Washington DC 20231  
USA

From: AGYS PHARMA  
Dr. Rudi Neirinckx  
3, Rue du Vignoble  
F- 68 440 DIETWILLER  
FRANCE

09584978-060200

Concerning : Patent Application

Dear Commissioner,

Please find enclosed an application for a U.S. Patent, entitled "Treatment of psoriasis through down-regulation of the EGF-receptor with topically-applied EGF".  
Please send all correspondence to me at the above-mentioned address.

I thank you in advance,

Yours sincerely,

**Dr. Rudi Neirinckx**  
*Kruger Pharma s.a.r.l.*  
CEO

# **TREATMENT OF PSORIASIS THROUGH DOWN-REGULATION OF THE EGF-RECEPTOR WITH TOPICALLY- APPLIED EGF .**

**R.D. Neirinckx**

## **ABSTRACT**

**From unrelated but similar fields it is deduced that certain forms of psoriasis can be effectively treated through topical application of EGF-containing formulations. This patent application summarizes the theoretical basis for this finding and requests protection for the idea, while clinical evaluation is in preparation.**

## **INTRODUCTION**

**Psoriasis is a chronic skin disorder that affects approximately 4.0 million people in the US., and annual treatment costs in the USA alone are estimated at over \$1.5 billion. There are no currently available drugs for this disease that offer satisfactory efficacy and safety. Psoriatic lesions are caused by the hyperproliferation of keratinocytes, but it has been demonstrated that EGF-R signalling is required for the growth of keratinocytes.**

**It has been demonstrated that the upper epidermal layer in psoriatic tissue contains levels of EGF-receptors (EGFR) more similar to the levels found in the mitotically-active basal cell layer of skin. In normal epidermis r-EGF is located primarily in the germinative layer , which contains r-EGF levels 4 times higher than those found in the more-diferentiated cells of the upper epidermal layers. In psoriatic lesions the upper epidermal layers shows r-EGF levels 2x higher than in normal tissue, while the germanitive layer has normal levels.( L.A. Nanney et al; J. Invest.Dermat. Vol 85, p 260-265 ).**

**There is only a poor correlation between the levels of r-EGF and the level of cellular proliferation. An example of cells with elevated metabolism but low mitotic activity is the case of the sweat duct epithelium. Similarly, the high level of r-EGF indicates elevated metabolism rather than lack of differentiation in psoriatic lesions.**

## **PROPOSAL**

**As the main difference in r-EGF distribution in normal and psoriatic tissue is the abnormal retention of the receptor beyond the first 2-3 cell rows in the stratum basilis in psoriatic tissue , we propose to reduce these concentrations through a down regulation of the receptor using higher than normal levels of EGF at the level of the receptor.**

**This is similar to the down regulation of FSH and LH excretion through the saturation of pituitary GnRH receptors in response to a constant level of GnRH .**

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**This down regulation is due to the deviation from the normal physiological situation where intermittent surges of GnRH release LH and FSH ,without causing saturation of the receptors. It is also similar to the effect of high levels of estradiol on estrogen-dependent tumour lines: In-vitro , the proliferation of these cells can be halted by high, non-physiological concentrations of the hormone.**

**It has been reported that high levels of EGF have inhibited the growth of EGF-dependent cancer cell lines in-vitro. The biological activity of epidermal growth factor (EGF) is mediated through the intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity of the EGF receptor (EGFR). In numerous cell types, binding of EGF to the EGFR stimulates the tyrosine kinase activity of the receptor eventually leading to cell proliferation. In tumor-derived cell lines, which overexpress the EGFR, however, growth inhibition is often seen in response to EGF. The mechanism for growth inhibition is unclear. A constant pressure of EGF may engender a similar down regulation of the EGF receptors and result in a more-normal metabolic activity and a reversion of psoriatic tissue to normal.**

### **CLINICAL EVALUATION**

**Two patients, suffering from psoriasis , were treated with a topical cream containing sulfadiazine and 5 µg of EGF/ gram of cream. The treatment was carried out by applying 2 grams of cream over each psoriatic lesion and was carried out twice a day for a week.**

### **RESULTS AND CONCLUSION**

**After a week's treatment the psoriatic lesions showed – subjectively – a marked improvement , comparable to the result obtained after treatment with corticosteroids.**

**It is therefore felt that a larger clinical trial is warranted.**

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## CLAIMS

1. **Topical treatment of psoriasis with formulations (creams, gels,...) to accomplish non-physiologic high concentrations of Epidermal Growth Factor (EGF), which can down-regulate the expression of the EGF-Receptor .**
2. **Psoriasis treatment with topical formulations ,containing EGF in concentrations of 0.01 to to 50 micrograms/ gram.**
3. **Topical formulations containing 0.5-20 microgram EGF / gram of formulation .**
4. **Topical creams , containing 0.1-3% sulfadiazine and 0.5-20 micrograms EGF / gram for the treatment of psoriasis.**
5. **Topical formulations, containing anti-inflammatory products , in combination with epidermal growth factor.**
6. **Topical formulations, containing EGF in combination with anti-inflammatory products and other dermatologically-beneficial products , for the treatment of psoriasis.**
7. **Topical formulations , containing 10 µg EGF and 1% of sulfadiazine for the treatment of psoriasis.**
8. **Systemic treatment of psoriasis patients with 0.001 – 10 microgram of EGF / kg.**
9. **Topical and systemic treatment of psoriasis patients with precursor molecules of epidermal growth factor ,such as fibroblast growth factor.**
10. **Treatment with products, with similar biological action as EGF, such as urogastrone or fractions of the EGF molecule.**

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